**FACT SHEET** 

## **ECOLOGICAL FOOTPRINT**

Ireland had the
second highest
emissions of
greenhouse gases
per capita in the EU in 2021.



Irish agricultural emissions decreased by 4.6% in 2023. 3

Ireland produces the highest volume of plastic waste in the EU, with an average of 233.8 kg per person.<sup>2</sup>

Ireland's ecological footprint is 4.51 gha\* pp, exceeding its biocapacity of 3.11 gha pp. Basically, Ireland consumes more resources than its environment can sustain.<sup>4</sup>

\*A global hectare (gha) measures how much land and water we need to produce resources and absorb waste. It helps compare human demand with Earth's capacity.

## **3 Planets**

would be needed if everyone used natural resources at Ireland's rate. 5

Earth Overshoot Day marks when our use exceeds the Earth's capacity to renew its resources, and it comes earlier each year:

1980 - November 4th

2000 - September 20th

2024 - **August** 1st<sup>6</sup>



The percentage of global fish stocks fished sustainably fell from 90% (1990) to 62.3 (2021).



Renewables in total energy production in Ireland grew from 5% in 1990 to 50% in 2021.9



Since 1854, 122 big companies have produced 1,421 billion

tonnes of CO2. This makes up 72% of all global emissions.



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1 Central Statistics Office (2023) | 2 Eurostat (2024) | 3 Environmental Protection Agency (2024) | 4 Global Footprint Network (2022) | 5 Global Footprint Network (2022) | 6 Earth Overshoot Day (2024) | 7 Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (2024) | 8 Carbon Majors (2024) | 9 Central Statistics Office (2022)